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TITLE OF THE INVENTION:

Bulk Bag and Rigid Fork Lift Tine Receiving Member Combination

5 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a bulk bag and rigid fork lift tine receiving member combination.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 United States Patent 6,213,305 (Baker et al 2001) describes a bulk bag which has a pair of flexible sleeves depending from the bottom of the bulk bag. Rigid fork lift tine receiving members are inserted into the sleeves. This facilitates the insertion of fork lift tines into the fork
15 lift tine receiving members, so that the bulk bag may be lifted by a fork lift.

Although beneficial results may be obtained through the use of the bulk bag and rigid fork lift tine receiving
20 members, as described by Baker et al; after prolonged use the sleeves on the bottom of the bulk bag tend to become worn. This is due to the fact that the sleeves are frequently in contact with the floor.

25 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

What is required is a bulk bag and rigid fork lift tine receiving member combination which will have greater wear resistance.

30 According to the present invention there is provided a bulk bag and rigid fork lift tine receiving member combination. The combination includes a bulk bag having a bottom and a peripheral sidewall. Two rigid parallel-piped fork lift tine receiving members are provided, each having
35 an exterior surface with a tie receiving channel extending

across a bottom face of the exterior surface. The fork lift tine receiving members are tied with ties to the bottom of the bulk bag. The ties are positioned within the receiving channels. Further beneficial results may be
5 obtained through the use of velcro ties.

With the combination, as described above, the ties used to secure the fork lift tine receiving members to the bottom of the bulk bag are protected from wear within the
10 tie receiving channel as the bottom face of the fork lift tine receiving members move across a floor.

Although beneficial results may be obtained through the use of the combination, as described above, it is
15 desirable to limit movement of the fork lift tine receiving members as much as possible. Even more beneficial results may, therefore, be obtained when adjacent side faces of the fork lift tine receiving members also have tie receiving channels. The tie receiving channels on the adjacent side
20 faces help to limit movement of the fork lift tine receiving members. It is preferred that the tie receiving channel on the bottom face be substantially aligned with the tie receiving channels in the adjacent side faces.

25 There are two alternative approaches to providing the above described tie receiving channels. A first approach is to have the tie receiving channel or channels recessed relative to the exterior surface of the fork lift tine receiving member. A second approach is to have the tie
30 receiving channel or channels raised so that they protrude from the exterior surface.

Although beneficial results may be obtained through the use of the combination, as described above, even more
35 beneficial results may be obtained when the recessed tie

receiving channel or channels are in the form of a dove-tail groove. This structure allows a tie, such as a belt, to be inserted into the groove in one orientation and resists the removal from the groove in another orientation.

5 Further beneficial results may be obtained through the use of slots positioned at the outward ends of the fork lift tine receiving members adapted to receive further ties.

10 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

These and other features of the invention will become more apparent from the following description in which reference is made to the appended drawings, the drawings are for the purpose of illustration only and are not
15 intended to in any way limit the scope of the invention to the particular embodiment or embodiments shown, wherein:

FIGURE 1 is a perspective view of a bulk bag/fork lift tine retaining member combination constructed in accordance with the teachings of the present invention, having
20 recessed tie receiving channels.

FIGURE 2 is a longitudinal section view of the bulk bag/fork lift tine retaining member combination illustrated in **FIGURE 1**.

FIGURE 3 is a perspective view of a bulk bag/fork lift
25 tine retaining member combination constructed in accordance with the teachings of the present invention, having raised tie receiving channels.

FIGURE 4 is a detail, perspective view of a bulk bag/fork lift tine retaining member combination constructed
30 in accordance with the teachings of the present invention, having a recessed bottom tie receiving channel and raised side tie receiving channels.

FIGURE 5 is a detailed perspective view of a belt tie.

FIGURE 6 is a detailed perspective view of an

elasticized tie.

FIGURE 7 is a perspective view of a fork lift tine receiving member with stops.

5 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

A first preferred embodiment of bulk bag/fork lift tine retaining member, generally identified by reference numeral 10, will now be described with reference to **FIGURES 1 and 2**. A second preferred embodiment of bulk bag/fork lift tine retaining member, generally identified by reference numeral 100, will now be described with reference to **FIGURE 3**. A third preferred embodiment of bulk bag/fork lift tine retaining member, generally identified by reference numeral 200, will now be described with reference to **FIGURE 4**. Variations on ties will now be described with reference to **FIGURES 5 through 7**.

Structure and Relationship of Parts of First Embodiment 10:

20 Referring to **FIGURE 1**, bulk bag 12 has a bottom 14 and peripheral sidewall 16. Fork lift tine receiving members 18, each have a bottom face 20, side faces 22 and outward end 24. Bottom face 20 and side faces 22 each are adapted with recessed tie receiving channels 26. Referring to 25 **FIGURES 1 and 2**, bulk bag 12 is adapted with ties 28 (one side here shown) which are positioned within recessed tie receiving channels 26. Slots 30 positioned at outward ends 24 receive further ties (one shown) 28.

30 Operation:

The use and operation of a Bulk Bag and Rigid Fork Lift Tine Receiving Member Combination generally identified by reference numeral 10, will now be described with reference to **FIGURES 1 through 2**. Referring to **FIGURE 1**,

fork lift tine receiving members 18 are positioned under bulk bag 12 and fitted into ties 28 where ties 28 (one side here shown) are positioned within recessed tie receiving channels 26 such that movement of bulk bag 12 is controlled. Referring to **FIGURES 1 and 2**, all ties 28 shown are positioned within recessed tie receiving channels 26 and slots 30. The operation is especially facilitated where the recessed tie receiving channels 26, are dove-tailed. The dove-tailed channels contain the ties, so that they cannot be pulled laterally out of the channels.

Structure and Relationship of Parts of Second Embodiment 100:

Referring to **FIGURE 3**, bulk bag 12 has a bottom 14 and peripheral sidewall 16. Fork lift tine receiving members 18, each having a bottom face 20 and side faces 22, are each adapted with raised tie receiving channels 32. Bulk bag 12 is adapted with ties 28 (one side here shown) which are positioned within raised tie receiving channels 32 and slots 30.

Operation:

The use and operation of a Bulk Bag and Rigid Fork Lift Tine Receiving Member Combination generally identified by reference numeral 100, will now be described with reference to **FIGURE 3**. Fork lift tine receiving members 18 are positioned under bulk bag 12 and fitted into ties 28 (one side here shown) where ties 28 are positioned within raised tie receiving channels 32 and slots 30 such that movement of bulk bag 12 is controlled. As described above, the operation is especially facilitated where the raised tie receiving channels 32, are dove-tailed to laterally confine the ties.

It is possible to combine the teachings of first embodiment 10 and second embodiment 100 to arrive at a third embodiment 200:

5 Structure and Relationship of Parts of Third Embodiment 200:

Referring to **FIGURE 4**, fork lift tine receiving members 18, have a bottom face 20 and side faces 22. Bottom face 20 is adapted with recessed tie receiving channels 26.
10 Each side face 22 is adapted with raised tie receiving channels 32. Bulk bag 12 is adapted with ties 28 (one here shown) which are positioned within each of recessed tie receiving channels 26 and raised tie receiving channels 32.

15 Operation:

The use and operation of a Bulk Bag and Rigid Fork Lift Tine Receiving Member Combination generally identified by reference numeral 200, is as previously outlined in regard to the previous embodiments.

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Variations:

The term "tie" is used as all encompassing term to cover all of the many possible variations. Referring to **FIGURE 5**, it can be seen that the tie can be in the form of
25 a belt 34. Belt 34 can be fastened together by any suitable fastener, such as a buckle or mating tape fastener. In the illustrated embodiment, a fastener such as are sold under the Trade Mark "VELCRO" is illustrated. Referring to **FIGURE 6**, the tie can also be in the form of
30 an elastic sleeve 36 which is stretched into position. Sleeve 36 can vary in width, from a relatively narrow sleeve of two to three inches, to a relatively width sleeve that extends for substantially the entire length of the fork lift tine receiving member, to a sleeve of
35 intermediate width of six to twelve inches.

Further, receiving channels 32 on side faces 22 of fork lift tine receiving members 18 serve to limit relative axial movement between the ties and the fork lift tine receiving members. Referring to **FIGURE 7**, it is possible to accomplish this same objective when fork lift tine receiving members 18 have side faces 22 with raised stops 38 which limit relative axial movement of the ties and fork lift tine receiving members 18 in one direction.

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Operation:

The use and operation of the further variations of ties as outlined above is as previously outlined in regard to the previous use of ties.

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In this patent document, the word "comprising" is used in its non-limiting sense to mean that items following the word are included, but items not specifically mentioned are not excluded. A reference to an element by the indefinite article "a" does not exclude the possibility that more than one of the element is present, unless the context clearly requires that there be one and only one of the elements.

It will be apparent to one skilled in the art that modifications may be made to the illustrated embodiment without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as hereinafter defined in the Claims.